ENGLISH

The study of fiction and short stories

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit. Please see *Teachers' Notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	The study of fiction an	d short stories
All students:	Keywords	3
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Additional activities for Language Support:		
Levels for Language Support	A1 – B1 The language level of indicated in an information box.	each activity is
Learning focus	Using textbooks and accessing activities of the English curriculu	
Acknowledgement	The English Language Support acknowledges the permission of reproduce excerpts from Less S – English Revision for the Jun Larry Cotter.	Gill and Macmillan to Stress More Success

Note: The categorisation of activities is indicative only and should not prevent teachers from using any activities that are considered suitable for a particular group of students.

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Making the best use of these units

Learning Record

A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each learning support and language support student.

Students should:

- 1. Write the subject and topic on the record.
- 2. Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.
- 3. Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.
- 4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.

Introduction of a topic or activity should ensure that students understand what they are doing and **why**. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.

You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.

Encourage students to:

- Bring the relevant **subject textbooks** to learning/language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
- Take some **responsibility for their own learning** programmes by: 0



Developing a personal dictionary for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the Learning Record, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are also suitable as **homework** tasks or for self-study.

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Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

aspect attitude character/characters climax comprehension conclusion drama end feelings fiction form genre hero letters mood narrator plot point-of-view prose question resolution sentence setting story/stories storyteller storytelling structure theme

Verbs

to be to think to understand to describe to focus to imagine to explain to identify to read to talk to ask to write to rewrite to discuss could would **Adjectives** absurd careful clever general great ironic long odd modern plain short simple talented

Other keywords

Sometimes (adverb) Suddenly (adverb)

Contractions

you'll I'm don't won't it's haven't couldn't I'll didn't

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Vocabulary file 1

Word	Meaning	Note or example*
aspect		
attitude		
characters		
conclusion		
narrative		
form		
genre		

* You may wish to write a sentence or phrase, make a note of the page in your textbook where this word appears or, if English is not your first language, provide a translation into your language.

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 2

Word	Meaning	Note or example
drama		
phrase		
hero		
mood		
prose		
setting		
storyteller		

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 3

Word	Meaning	Note or example
absurd		
clever		
careful		
general		
ironic		
descriptive		
modern		

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

Language Level: All Type of activity: Whole class Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

Stories Drama

- Invite newcomer students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage all students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).



All students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

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Language Level: A1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Working with words - Tick the correct answer





- 1.
- a) She is a hero.
- b) She is a policewoman.
- c) She is a teacher.
- d) She is a dancer.
- 2. The teacher is
- a) explaining.
- b) dancing.
- c) skating.
- d) jumping.

Finish these sentences using the words from the box:

He is to music	•
He is a pictur	'e.
He is footbal	Ι.
She is a sta	ory.
listening painting playing reading	ıg

NAME: _

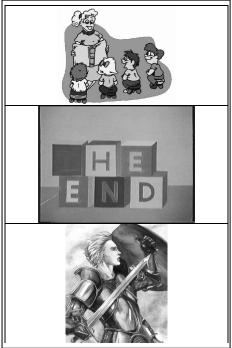
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Language Level: A1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Picture Sentences - Tick the corr<u>ect answer</u>

- 1.
- a) The teacher is flying a kite.
- b) The teacher is telling a story.
- c) The teacher is sailing a boat.
- 2. a) This is "the end."
 - b) This is a house.
 - c) This is a story.
- 3. a) This is a novel.
 - b) This is a story.
 - c) This is a hero.



Describe this pictu	ire using words from the box:	
	There are	_ people.
J.	They are	music.
TANK	One person is	
	Two people are	
sitting	playing three standing	

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Language Level: A1 / A2 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes

|--|

Odd One Out

Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.

Exan	nple: apple	orange banana	taxi	
1.	drama	plot	boy	resolution
2.	thumb	window	nose	arm
3.	characters	point-of-view	structure	cat
4.	sugar	she	he	they

- 1. Look at all the words again and <u>underline</u> the ones you do not understand. Now find them in your textbook or dictionary.
- 2. Do you understand the word <u>nose</u>? Can you say <u>nose</u>?
- 3. Do you know the word knows? Say it!
- 4. Write two sentences, one using the word <u>nose</u> and the other sentence using the word **knows**



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Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Individual Suggested time: 40

English keywords

Fill in the missing letters of these keywords.

On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

1.	pot-ofew	
2.	c_ncsion	
3.	ch_raers	
4.	amban_e	

Write one paragraph describing something that happened in school today. Write about <u>who was there</u>, <u>what happened</u>, and <u>your opinion of the event</u>. Use as many adjectives as you can.



Check that all the adjectives you used are in your personal dictionary.

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Language Level: A1 / A2 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Unscramble the letters

1. This is the first part of a story RNTTDNUICIOO

Answer _____

2. This is the way a story is put together TUCSETURR

Answer

3. When you picture something in your mind, you GAIINEM

Answer _____

4. When something happens quickly and you are not expecting it YULNDSDE

Answer _____

Solve the secret code

English=	W	D	Ε	F	G	Ι	Μ	Ν	0	Ρ	R	S	Т	U
Code=	В	X	У	С	Ζ	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W	D	Κ

Example: (Code) CAQYOX = FRIEND (English)

BAQDQOZ QW CKO! =

Is your <u>spelling</u> correct? Can you

Look at each word as you write

the answer.

Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?

Do you know what the word <u>means</u>?

Have you got this word in your <u>personal</u> <u>dictionary?</u>

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Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Completing text

Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box. All fiction involves storytelling. Sometimes there will be a narrator or storyteller who can be easily identified. If the _______ is telling his or her own story then it is a first-person narrator. If the character is referred to as 'he' or 'she', 'him' or 'her' then it is a third person ______. Occasionally a question will ______ on the person telling the ______, asking you to deal with the narrator's attitudes or feelings about another character or some aspect of the ______.

Word Box

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Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: Individual Suggested time: 30 minutes



Multiple choice

(Read the text below and choose the best answers)

In the studied fiction you must ensure that you have revised and learned certain key details of your novel and short story:

- The central characters, heroes and villains
- The setting for the story, time and place
- The main ideas explored by the writer, themes
- The key moments of the story, opening scenes, climax or confrontation and the resolution or ending of the story
- Your favourite scene, character
- Any lesson you learned from this story and how it might be applied to your own experience

If you have learned or highlighted significant quotations then you should try to include them as support in your answer. Otherwise full marks can still be attained by means of an answer which makes specific reference to key scenes from the story.

Remember: The most important point is to answer the question you are asked. For each point you make give a specific piece of evidence from the text and clarify what you mean by developing your idea into a short paragraph.

- 1. What must you learn in the fiction you have studied?
 - a) key details b) nothing
 - unimportant details d) extra information c)
- 2. What is the resolution of a story?

the ending

- the children a classroom a) b)
 - d) discussion
- 3. What should you try to include to support your answer?
 - particular moments sunshine a) b)
 - c) casual glances d) significant quotations
- 4. Should you answer the question you are asked?
 - a) Yes b) No
- 5. Should you make points without developing your ideas?
 - Yes No a) b)



c)

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Language Level: B1 Type of activity: Pairs / small groups Suggested time: 40 minutes

Writing

You are going to write a summary of a book or film that you enjoyed.

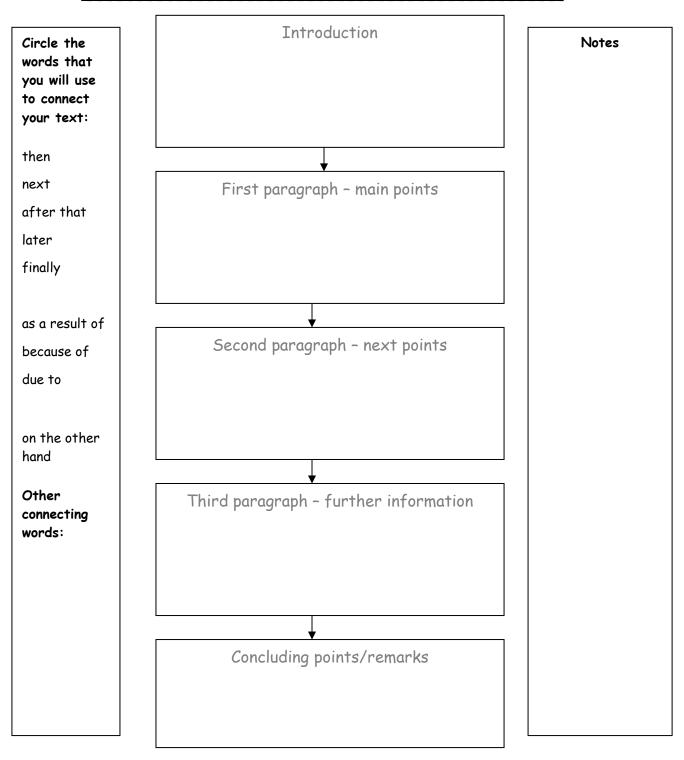
- Think about your summary and write the important words that you will use in this Word Box.
- Organize your words into themes or paragraphs (for example, characters, plot, climax etc.).
- You can divide the Word Box with lines, circles or whatever way you like.
- Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word Box

Title:

Now plan how you will organize and connect your summary.

Title:



Now you are ready to write your summary.

Keep this plan in your file so that you can use it in future.

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Language Level: All Type of activity: Individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Grammar points

In this Unit, we came across the following verbs:

- to explain
- to identify
- to discuss

Write 3 sentences using each of these verbs.

explain:	_
identify:	-
discuss:	-

Verb Hunt



Circle the 10 verbs in these columns. Score 4 points for each correct answer. Who will score the highest? Perhaps you will. Good luck!

front	story	make
upon	point-of-view	
pushed	drama	conclusion
yelled	prose	find
think	resolution	
mother	had	Score:points
choose	describe	
leather	but	
reread	listen	

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Grammar points

In this Unit, we came across the following contractions. Look through your textbook to find examples of these words. Check the meanings in your dictionary. Write phrases or short sentences using these contractions.

Example: I didn't like it.

didn't	
don't	
couldn't	
you'll	
I'm	
won't	
haven't	
it's	
Be careful at	bout punctuation!

Get your teacher to check your work then file it in your folder in the *English* section.

Alphaboxes

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. You could also write the word in your own language.

۵	b	С	5 5
u l		C	
d	e	f	
		1	
9	h	i	Do you
9			understand all these words?
j	k	1	
5			Get your
m	n	0	teacher to check this, then
			file it in your folder so you can use it in the
p	9	r	future.
S	t	u	
V	w	хүz	

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Word Search

Find the words below.

	501	0	•																	
									Ζ	Μ										
									R	Κ										
								Н	Е	R	0									
								G	Е	U	х									
							т				M	Α								
								-			V									
M	Ρ	Л	C	R	F	5	-	-	•	_	-	•	N	Р	I	0	т	т	Q	
	E																			
v		0																		
	C																	vv		
		Q				T											С			
			0			0								_		r				
				•	-	Т	-		-		-	-	-	-						
			J	Ν	S	Ζ	Т	S	Е	Ν	Т	E	Ν	С	E	W	,			
			G	D	В	С	0	Ν	С	L	U	S	Ι	0	Ν	D				
		В	۷	Κ	Κ	S	Т	R	U	С	Т	U	R	Е	У	Ν	Ν			
		J	С	L	Ι	Μ	Α	Х			S	Ρ	۷	Μ	0	0	D			
	S	Т	0	R	Ι	Е	S					υ	Н	G	Е	Ν	R	Е		
	Κ	У	Е	Κ	Μ									Α	S	F	L	F		
J	U	У	Q													0	F	D	W	
	W		``															т	F	

ATTITUDE CLIMAX COMPREHENSION CONCLUSION DRAMA FORM GENRE HERO MOOD PLOT POINTOFVIEW PROSE QUESTION RESOLUTION SENTENCE SETTING STORIES STORYTELLER STRUCTURE

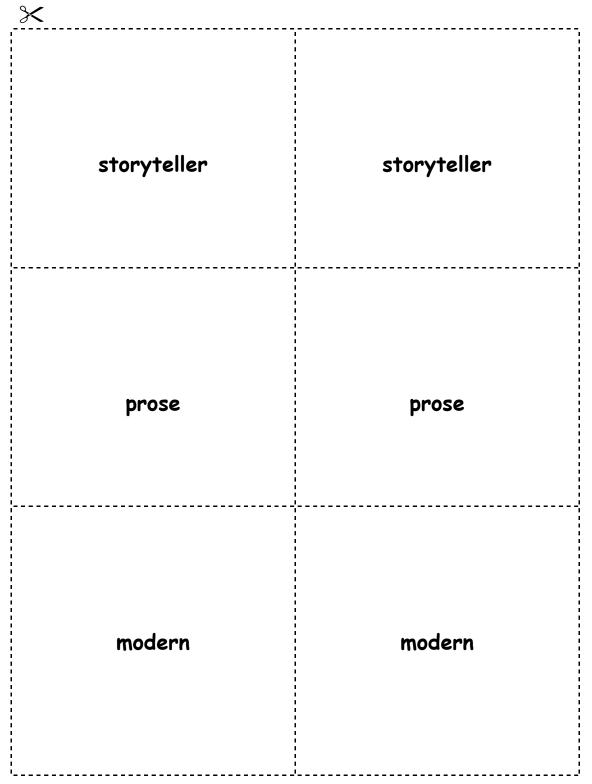
Λ	ΝЛ		
A	IVI	_	

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Play Snap

Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See *Teachers' Notes* for ideas about how to use the cards.



NAME:	DATE:
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think	think
make	make
stories	stories

NAME: ENGLISH: The study of fiction writing and short stories								
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suddenly	suddenly							
understood	understood							
couldn't	couldn't							

NAME:	DATE:
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discuss	discuss
setting	setting
write	write

Answer key

Odd One Out =	boy, window, cat, sugar
Letter Scramble =	introduction, structure, imagine, suddenly
Secret Code =	writing is fun!

Completing Text =

All fiction involves storytelling. Sometimes there will be a narrator or storyteller who can be easily identified. If the character is telling his or her own story then it is a first-person narrator. If the character is referred to as 'he' or 'she', 'him' or 'her' then it is a third person narrator. Occasionally a question will focus on the person telling the story, asking you to deal with the narrator's attitudes or feelings about another character or some aspect of the plot.

(Less Stress More Success – English Revision for the Junior Certificate, page 125)

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Multiple Choice = a, c, d, a, b

Grammar Points = pushed (*to push*), yelled (*to yell*), think, choose, reread, had (*to have*), describe, listen, make, find

Word Search:

ΖM R K HERO GEUX T DRAMA IUKEVF MPJCRESOLUTIONPLOTIQ VESETTINGATTITUDECIS **COMPREHENSIONFORM**W QUESTIONUZKPROSE OGPOINTOFVIEWF FSTORYTELLER JNSZTSENTENCEW GDBCONCLUSIOND BVKKSTRUCTUREYNN JCLIMAX S P V MOOD STORIES UHGENRE KYEKM ASFLF OFDW JUYQ ΚW ΤF